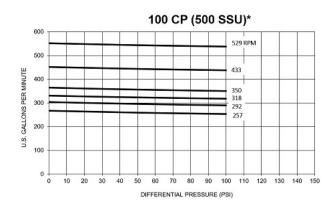


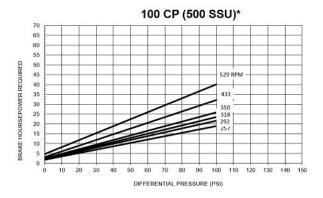
Note: Non-metallic vanes Only. Note: Non-metallic vanes Only.

Blackmer Characteristic Curves are based on Brake Horsepower (BHp). To determine Motor Horsepower, drive train inefficiencies must be added to the BHp.

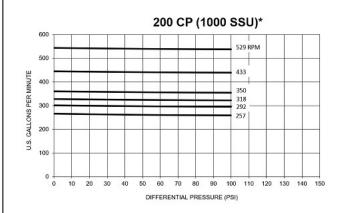
Actual capacities are dependent upon the vapor pressure of the liquid and the inlet conditions of the system.

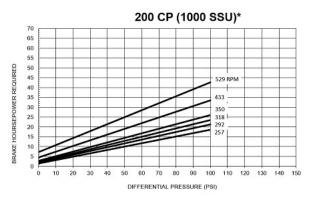
CHARACTERISTIC CURVES Models: GNX4, GNXH4





Note: Non-metallic or metallic vanes.





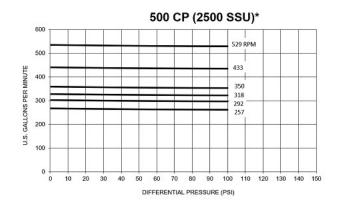
Note: Non-metallic or metallic vanes.

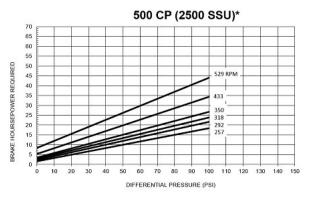
Blackmer Characteristic Curves are based on Brake Horsepower (BHp). To determine Motor Horsepower, drive train inefficiencies must be added to the BHp.

Actual capacities are dependent upon the vapor pressure of the liquid and the inlet conditions of the system.

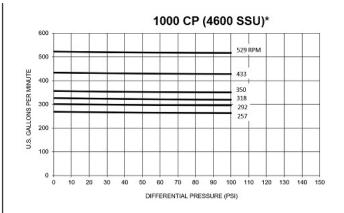


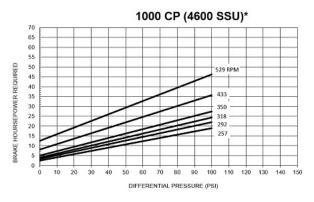
CHARACTERISTIC CURVES Models: GNX4, GNXH4











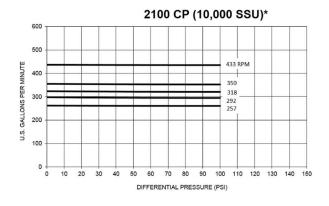
Note: Non-metallic or metallic vanes.

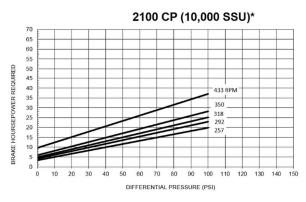
Blackmer Characteristic Curves are based on Brake Horsepower (BHp). To determine Motor Horsepower, drive train inefficiencies must be added to the BHp.

Actual capacities are dependent upon the vapor pressure of the liquid and the inlet conditions of the system.

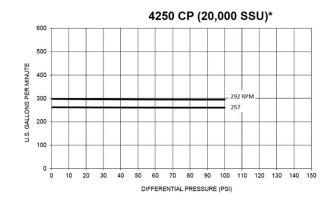


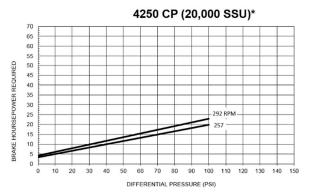
CHARACTERISTIC CURVES Models: GNX4, GNXH4





Note: Non-metallic or metallic vanes. Metallic vanes recommended above 2100 cP (10,000 SSU).





Note: Metallic vanes recommended.

Blackmer Characteristic Curves are based on Brake Horsepower (BHp). To determine Motor Horsepower, drive train inefficiencies must be added to the BHp.

Actual capacities are dependent upon the vapor pressure of the liquid and the inlet conditions of the system.

